

The Spectrum of Autoimmune Diseases

The following is a list of diseases that are either confirmed autoimmune diseases or for which there is very strong scientific evidence for autoimmune origins:

- A** Acute brachial neuropathy (also known as acute brachial radiculitis, neuralgic amyotrophy, brachial neuritis, brachial plexus neuropathy, brachial plexitis, and Parsonage-Turner syndrome)
- Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis (ADEM)
- Acute necrotizing hemorrhagic leukoencephalitis
- Acute parapsoriasis (also known as acute guttate parapsoriasis, acute pityriasis lichenoides, parapsoriasis varioliformis, Mucha-Habermann disease, and parapsoriasis or pityriasis lichenoides et varioliformis acuta)
- Addison's disease (also known as chronic adrenal insufficiency, hypocortisolism, and hypoadrenalism)
- Adult linear IgA disease (also known as linear IgA disease)
- Agammaglobulinemia
- Allergic granulomatosis (also known as Churg-Strauss syndrome)
- Alopecia areata (AA; also known as spot baldness)
- American trypanosomiasis (also known as Chagas disease)
- Amyloidosis
- Anaphylactoid purpura (also known as purpura rheumatica and Henoch-Schönlein purpura)
- Angiofollicular lymph node hyperplasia (also known as Castleman's disease, giant lymph node hyperplasia, and lymphoid hamartoma)
- Ankylosing spondylitis (AS; also known as Bekhterev's disease and Marie-Strümpell disease)
- Anti-GBM or anti-TBM nephritis
- Antiphospholipid syndrome (APS or APLS; also known as Hughes syndrome)
- Aplastic anemia (also known as autoimmune aplastic anemia)
- Arthritis psoriatica (also known as arthropathic psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis)
- Arthropathic psoriasis (also known as arthritis psoriatica and psoriatic arthritis)
- Atrophic polychondritis (also known as systemic chondromalacia and relapsing polychondritis)
- Autoimmune angioedema
- Autoimmune aplastic anemia (also known as aplastic anemia)
- Autoimmune cardiomyopathy
- Autoimmune dysautonomia
- Autoimmune hemolytic anemia
- Autoimmune hepatitis
- Autoimmune hyperlipidemia
- Autoimmune immunodeficiency
- Autoimmune inner ear disease (AIED)
- Autoimmune myocarditis
- Autoimmune pancreatitis
- Autoimmune peripheral neuropathy (also known as peripheral neuropathy)
- Autoimmune polyendocrine syndrome (APS)
- Autoimmune polyglandular syndrome, Types 1, 2, and 3
- Autoimmune progesterone dermatitis
- Autoimmune retinopathy
- Autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura (ATP; also known as thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura and idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura)
- Autoimmune thyroid disease
- Autoimmune urticaria
- Autoimmune uveitis (also known as uveitis)
- Axonal and neuronal neuropathies
- B** Balo disease (also known as Balo concentric sclerosis)
- Behçet's disease (also known as Silk Road disease)
- Bekhterev's disease (also known as ankylosing spondylitis and Marie-Strümpell disease)
- Benign mucosal pemphigoid (also known as cicatricial pemphigoid, benign mucous membrane pemphigoid, scarring pemphigoid, and ocular cicatricial pemphigoid)
- Berger's disease (also known as IgA nephropathy and synpharyngitic glomerulonephritis)
- Besnier-Boeck disease (also known as sarcoidosis)
- Bickerstaff's encephalitis
- Bladder pain syndrome (also known as interstitial cystitis)
- Brachial neuritis (also known as brachial plexus neuropathy, brachial plexitis, Parsonage-Turner syndrome, acute brachial neuropathy, acute brachial radiculitis, and neuralgic amyotrophy)
- Bullous pemphigoid
- C** Castleman's disease (also known as giant lymph node hyperplasia, lymphoid hamartoma, and angiofollicular lymph node hyperplasia)
- Celiac disease (also known as coeliac disease and celiac sprue)
- Chagas disease (also known as American trypanosomiasis)
- Chorea minor (also known as Sydenham's chorea)
- Chronic adrenal insufficiency (also known as hypocortisolism, hypoadrenalism, and Addison's disease)
- Chronic focal encephalitis (CFE; also known as Rasmussen's encephalitis)
- Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP)
- Chronic lymphocytic thyroiditis (also known as Hashimoto's thyroiditis)
- Chronic recurrent multifocal osteomyelitis (CRMO)
- Chronic urticaria as a manifestation of venulitis (also known as urticarial vasculitis)
- Churg-Strauss syndrome (also known as allergic granulomatosis)
- Cicatricial pemphigoid (also known as benign mucosal pemphigoid)
- Cogan's syndrome
- Cold agglutinin disease
- Congenital heart block
- Coxsackie viral myocarditis
- Cranial arteritis (also known as Horton disease, giant cell arteritis, and temporal arteritis)
- CREST syndrome (also known as limited systemic sclerosis or scleroderma)

Crohn's disease

Crow-Fukase syndrome (also known as Takatsuki disease, PEP syndrome, and POEMS syndrome)

Cryptogenic fibrosing alveolitis (CFA; also known as idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis and fibrosing alveolitis)

D Demyelinating neuropathies (also known as idiopathic inflammatory demyelinating diseases)

Dermatomyositis (DM)

Devic's disease (also known as neuromyelitis optica)

Diabetes mellitus type 1 (also known as insulin-dependent diabetes and type 1 diabetes)

Discoid lupus erythematosus (DLE)

Dressler's syndrome (also known as postmyocardial infarction syndrome)

Duhring's disease (also known as dermatitis herpetiformis)

E Endocarditis lenta (also known as subacute bacterial endocarditis)

Endometriosis

Eosinophilic esophagitis or gastroenteritis

Eosinophilic fasciitis

Erythema nodosum

Erythroblastopenia (also known as pure red cell aplasia)

Essential mixed cryoglobulinemia

Evans syndrome

Experimental allergic encephalomyelitis (EAE)

F Fibrosing alveolitis (also known as idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis and cryptogenic fibrosing alveolitis)

G Gestational pemphigoid (also known as herpes gestationis)

Giant cell arteritis (also known as temporal arteritis, cranial arteritis, and Horton disease)

Giant lymph node hyperplasia (also known as lymphoid hamartoma, angiofollicular lymph node hyperplasia, and Castleman's disease)

Glomerulonephritis

Goodpasture's syndrome

Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA; also known as Wegener's granulomatosis)

Graves' disease

Guillain-Barré syndrome (also known as Landry's paralysis and Miller Fisher syndrome)

H Hashimoto's thyroiditis (also known as chronic lymphocytic thyroiditis)

Hashimoto's encephalitis or encephalopathy

Henoch-Schönlein purpura (also known as anaphylactoid purpura and purpura rheumatica)

Herpes gestationis (also known as gestational pemphigoid)

Horton disease (also known as giant cell arteritis, temporal arteritis, and cranial arteritis)

Hughes syndrome (also known as antiphospholipid syndrome)

Hypocortisolism (also known as hypoadrenalism, Addison's disease, and chronic adrenal insufficiency)

Hypogammaglobulinemia

I Idiopathic inflammatory bowel disease (includes both Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis)

Idiopathic inflammatory demyelinating diseases (also known as demyelinating neuropathies)

Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF; also known as cryptogenic fibrosing alveolitis and fibrosing alveolitis)

Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP; also known as thrombocytopenic purpura and autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura)

IgA nephropathy (also known as synpharyngitic glomerulonephritis and Berger's disease)

IgG4-related sclerosing disease

Inclusion body myositis

Insulin-dependent diabetes (also known as type 1 diabetes and diabetes mellitus type 1)

Interstitial cystitis (also known as bladder pain syndrome)

J Juvenile diabetes (also known as diabetes mellitus type 1, insulin-dependent diabetes, and type 1 diabetes)

Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (also known as juvenile idiopathic arthritis and Still's disease)

K Kawasaki syndrome (also known as Kawasaki disease, lymph node syndrome, and mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome)

Kussmaul-Maier disease (also known as polyarteritis nodosa)

L Lambert-Eaton syndrome (also known as Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome)

Landry's paralysis (also known as Miller Fisher syndrome and Guillain-Barré syndrome)

Leukocytoclastic vasculitis

Lichen planus

Lichen sclerosus

Ligneous conjunctivitis

Limited systemic sclerosis (also known as limited systemic scleroderma and CREST syndrome)

Linear IgA disease (LAD; also known as adult linear IgA disease)

Lupus (also known as systemic lupus erythematosus)

Lyme disease, chronic

Lymph node syndrome (also known as mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome and Kawasaki disease)

Lymphoid hamartoma (also known as angiofollicular lymph node hyperplasia, Castleman's disease, and giant lymph node hyperplasia)

M Marchiafava-Micheli syndrome (also known as paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria)

Marie-Strümpell disease (also known as ankylosing spondylitis and Bekhterev's disease)

Ménière's disease

Microscopic polyangiitis (also known as microscopic polyarteritis)

Miller Fisher syndrome (also known as Guillain-Barré syndrome and Landry's paralysis)

Mixed connective tissue disease (MCTD; also known as Sharp's syndrome)

Moersch-Woltman condition (also known as stiff person syndrome)

Mooren's ulcer

Mucha-Habermann disease (also known as acute guttate parapsoriasis, acute parapsoriasis, acute pityriasis lichenoides, and parapsoriasis or pityriasis lichenoides et varioliformis acuta)

Mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome (also known as lymph node syndrome and Kawasaki disease)

Multiple sclerosis

Myasthenia gravis

Myositis

N Narcolepsy

Neuromyelitis optica (also known as Devic's disease)

Neutropenia

O Ocular cicatricial pemphigoid (also known as benign mucous membrane pemphigoid and scarring pemphigoid)
 Optic neuritis
 Ord's thyroiditis
 Ormond's disease (also known as retroperitoneal fibrosis)

P Palindromic rheumatism
 Paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration
 Parapsoriasis varioliformis (also known as Mucha-Habermann disease acute guttate parapsoriasis, acute parapsoriasis, acute pityriasis lichenoides, parapsoriasis or pityriasis lichenoides et varioliformis acuta)
 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH; also known as Marchiafava-Micheli syndrome)
 Parry-Romberg syndrome (also known as progressive hemifacial atrophy)
 Pars planitis (also known as peripheral uveitis)
 Parsonage-Turner syndrome (also known as acute brachial neuropathy, acute brachial radiculitis, neuralgic amyotrophy, brachial neuritis, brachial plexus neuropathy, and brachial plexitis)
 Pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders associated with streptococcus (PANDAS)
 Pemphigus vulgaris
 PEP syndrome (also known as POEMS syndrome, Crow-Fukase syndrome, and Takatsuki disease)
 Peripheral neuropathy (also known as autoimmune peripheral neuropathy)
 Perivenous encephalomyelitis
 Pernicious anemia
 POEMS syndrome (also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome, Takatsuki disease, and PEP syndrome)
 Polyarteritis nodosa (also known as Kussmaul-Maier disease)
 Polymyalgia rheumatica
 Polymyositis (PM)
 Postmyocardial infarction syndrome (also known as Dressler's syndrome)
 Postpericardiotomy syndrome
 Primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC)
 Primary sclerosing cholangitis (PSC)

Progressive hemifacial atrophy (also known as Parry Romberg syndrome)
 Psoriasis
 Psoriatic arthritis (also known as arthritis psoriatica and arthropathic psoriasis)
 Pure red cell aplasia (also known as erythroblastopenia)
 Purpura rheumatic (also known as Henoch-Schönlein purpura and anaphylactoid purpura)
 Pyoderma gangrenosum

R Rasmussen's encephalitis (also known as chronic focal encephalitis)
 Raynaud's phenomenon, disease, or syndrome
 Reactive arthritis (also known as Reiter's syndrome)
 Reflex sympathetic dystrophy
 Reiter's syndrome (also known as reactive arthritis)
 Relapsing polychondritis (also known as atrophic polychondritis and systemic chondromalacia)
 Restless legs syndrome (also known as Willis-Ekbom disease)
 Retinocochleocerebral vasculopathy (also known as Susac's syndrome)
 Retroperitoneal fibrosis (also known as Ormond's disease)
 Rheumatic fever
 Rheumatoid arthritis

S Sarcoidosis (also known as Besnier-Boeck disease)
 Scarring pemphigoid (also known as ocular cicatricial pemphigoid and benign mucous membrane pemphigoid)
 Schmidt's syndrome (also known as autoimmune polyendocrine syndrome type 2)
 Schnitzler syndrome
 Scleritis
 Scleroderma
 Sharp's syndrome (also known as mixed connective tissue disease)
 Sicca syndrome (also known as Sjögren's syndrome)
 Silk Road disease (also known as Behçet's disease)
 Sjögren's syndrome (also known as Sicca syndrome)
 Sperm and testicular autoimmunity
 Spot baldness (also known as alopecia areata)

Stiff person syndrome (also known as Moersch-Woltman condition)
 Still's disease (also known as juvenile rheumatoid arthritis and juvenile idiopathic arthritis)
 Subacute bacterial endocarditis (SBE; also known as endocarditis lenta)
 Susac's syndrome (also known as retinocochleocerebral vasculopathy)
 Sydenham's chorea (also known as chorea minor)
 Sympathetic ophthalmia (SO)
 Synpharyngitic glomerulonephritis (also known as Berger's disease and IgA nephropathy)
 Systemic chondromalacia (also known as relapsing polychondritis and atrophic polychondritis)
 Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE; also known as lupus)

T Takatsuki disease (also known as PEP syndrome, POEMS syndrome, and Crow-Fukase syndrome)
 Takayasu's arteritis or disease
 Temporal arteritis (also known as giant cell arteritis, cranial arteritis, and Horton disease)
 Thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP; also known as idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura and autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura)
 Tolosa-Hunt syndrome
 Transverse myelitis
 Type I diabetes (also known as diabetes mellitus type 1 and insulin-dependent diabetes)
 Types 1, 2, and 3 autoimmune polyglandular syndrome

U Ulcerative colitis
 Undifferentiated connective tissue disease (UCTD)
 Urticarial vasculitis (also known as chronic urticaria as a manifestation of venulitis)
 Uveitis (also known as autoimmune uveitis)

V Vasculitis
 Vesiculobullous dermatosis
 Vitiligo

W Wegener's granulomatosis (also known as granulomatosis with polyangiitis)
 Willis-Ekbom disease (also known as restless leg syndrome)